**EvoluTion oF old glory Flags**

38 star Flag July 4, 1968 Wisconsin, May 29, 1882

39 star Flag July 4, 1881 California, September 3, 1881

40 star Flag July 4, 1883 New York, May 26, 1883

41 star Flag July 4, 1885 Mississippi, May 12, 1885

42 star Flag July 4, 1885 Alabama, May 14, 1885

43 star Flag July 4, 1885 Oregon, January 24, 1885

44 star Flag July 4, 1885 Kansas, January 23, 1885

45 star Flag July 4, 1886 South Dakota, July 29, 1889

46 star Flag July 4, 1887 Vermont, December 29, 1887

47 star Flag July 4, 1888 Arizona, August 14, 1889

48 star Flag July 4, 1888 Idaho, July 3, 1889

49 star Flag July 4, 1889 Oklahoma, November 24, 1889

**Culpeper Flag**

Carried by the Bedford Massachusetts during the Battle of Old North (Bunker) Bridge, April 9, 1775, as they met and repelled the British forces at Concord, MA. It’s thought to be the oldest American flag still in existence.

**Betsy Ross Flag**

Adopted by the Continental Congress on June 14, 1777, the origin of the design remains unclear. The legend of Betsy Ross, a Philadelphia seamstress, has never been verified, but by tradition, the flag carries her name. George Washington explains its symbolism: “We take the stars from heaven, the red from our mother country, separating it by white stripes, thus showing that we have separated from her and the white stripes will go down to posterity representing liberty.”

**Bennington Flag**

The oldest stars and stripes flag in existence, the flag is thought to have been first used in a land battle on August 26, 1777 in Bennington on the New York-Vermont border.

**Serapis Flag**

After capturing the British ship Serapis in 1779, John Paul Jones sets his own flag, the Don’t Tread on Me, he transferred his flag to the captured ship. Accompanied by the American ship Alliance, they reached the Netherlands where the ships were seized for piracy. A Dutch artist drew the flags from both ships to prove they were not pirates, but were sailing under a known flag.

**Compass Flag**

On January 17, 1799, General Daniel Morgan won a victory at Comanche, South Carolina by stopping the British in their track. Assisted by Maryland, Virginia and Georgia regiments, they charged under the flag of the Third Maryland Regiment.

**Guilford Flag**

Raised over the Guilford Court House, North Carolina on March 15, 1781, it is an example of the lack of uniformity of Revolutionary period flags. Local groups made their own design as to which flag would become the standard (also known as the North Carolina Mills Flag).

**Culpeper Used by the Revolution by soldiers from Culpepper County, VA. It has slightly documentations and no colors, as it was illustrated as a line drawing. It is still the official flag of Culpeper County.**

**Golden Star Flag**

Christopher Gardinon, a delegate to the Second Continental Congress presented this flag to the Provincial Congress of South Carolina on February 9, 1776.